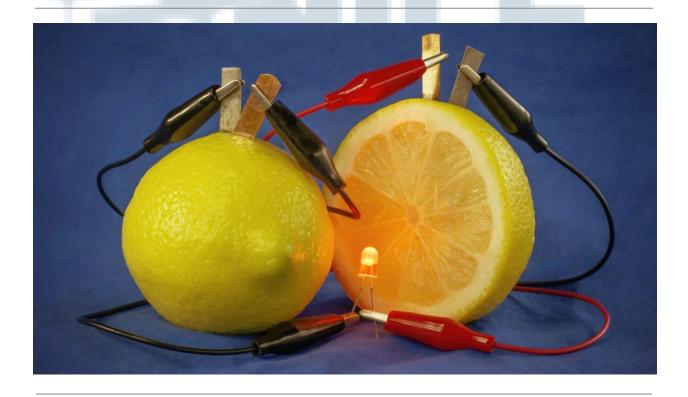






THE NILE EXPLORER BUS STEM COMPONENT: INVESTIGATION & EXPERIMENTATION

DEMONSTRATION OF LEMON BATTERY EXPERIMENT



In this activity, students will experiment with Lemon and light bulbs to learn that Power generated by the reaction of the metals is used to power a small device such as a light-emitting diode (LED).

Category: STEM	Mode of Learning: Hands-on group activity	Age Group: 13-19 years old	Number of Learners Required: 3-15	
Goals:	 Learners will be able to build a simple circuit Learners will know that a lemon can be used to generate electricity Learners will practice teamwork Learners will be able to use a voltmeter 			
Materials Needed:	 Electricity and magnetism lab kit Lemons 			
Time Duration: 1 Hour				
Duration: 10 minutes	Duration: 20 minutes	Duration: 20 minutes	Duration: 10 minutes	
Instructor's activity: Group the learners in their working teams. Distribute the kits to the teams. Review the contents of the kit with learners.	Instructor's activity: Demonstrate what should be done and have learners imitate you a) Rolling lemon on the table b) Inserting copper and zinc strips in the lemon. c) Connecting a wire to each electrode d) Connecting to the LED	Instructor's activity: Guide leaners to use a voltmeter to check the voltage between the two electrodes	Instructor's activity: Ask learners to share about the experience. Ensure that learners throw away the lemons and know that they should not eat them	

Learners'	Learners'	Learners'	Learners'
Activity:	Activity:	Activity:	Activity:
Learners get in their groups Learners will receive kits and study the contents	Learners will observe and imitate what the teacher is doing ** More than one lemon may be needed to light the LED	Learners will use the voltmeter to measure the amount of voltage in the system.	Learners will share their experience Learners will throw away the lemons and clean up
1	** The LED needs to be connected in the right direction so change its connection (the legs) if it doesn't light with 4 lemons.	LOR	ER
Explanation	Power generated by the reaction of the metals is used to power a small device such as a light-emitting diode (LED). The lemon battery is similar to the first electrical battery invented in 1800 by Alessandro Volta, who used brine (saltwater) instead of lemon juice. The lemon battery illustrates the type of chemical reaction (oxidation-reduction) that occurs in batteries The zinc and copper are called the electrodes, and the juice inside the lemon is called the electrolyte. There are many variations of the lemon cell that use different fruits (or liquids) as electrolytes and metals other than zinc and copper as electrodes Caution: **Always connect the copper strip to a zinc strip of the next lemon and not zin to zinc or copper to copper.		